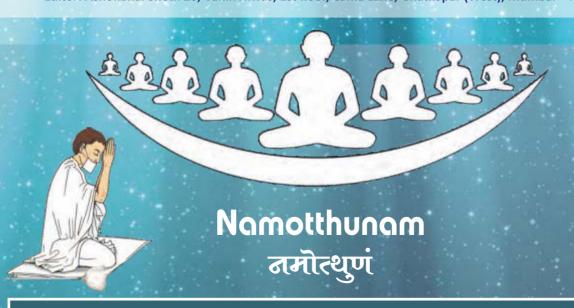


વમસ્કાર વમોલ્યુણં પદને જેને વમે ઈન્દ્ર વરવારરે!!

शकेन्द्र महाराज (इन्द्रदेव) भी परमातमा के गुणगात करते हैं वह स्तुती कितनी अनमोल है।



Editor: Ashokbhai Sheth 20, Vanik Niwas, 1st floor, Cama Lane, Ghatkopar (West), Mumbai - 400 086.



जमोत्थुणं को आगम में "थव थुई मंगलम्" कहते है।

तमोत्थुणं का दूसरा ताम "शकस्तव" है क्योंकि तमोत्थुणं सूत्र द्वारा तीर्थंकर परमातमा की स्तुती देवलोक के इन्द्र शकेन्द्र भी करते हैं।

अहो! देवो भी जिनकी स्तुति करे वह स्तुति कितनी अनमोल होगी... अद्भूत होगी! लोगस्स में चौवीस (२४) तीर्धंकरों के नाम स्मरण की स्तुति होती है और नमोत्थुणं में तीनों काल के तीर्धंकरों और सिद्ध भगवंतों के गुणों की स्तुति होती है।

In the Aagam, Namotthunam is called "Thav thui Mangalam".

Another name for Namotthunam is "Shakrastav Stotra" because through this Stotra, the Indra of devlok whose name is "Shakendra Maharaj" sings praises of Tirthankar Parmatma.

Oh! When even Devs of Devlok sing praises how precious and how sacred it must be! When we chant Loggassa Stotra we sing praises to our 24 present Tirthankars, but when we chant the Namotthunam Stotra, we sing praises of all the past, present and future Tirthankars and also of all the Siddha Bhagwant.

Why should we recite Namothunam thrice?







तमोत्थुणं ३ बार क्यों ?



प्रथम नमोत्थुणं सिद्ध भगवंत को करते है।
The first Namotthunam is recited for the Siddh Bhagwan.
अरिहंत भगवान से सिद्ध भगवान बड़े है। सिद्ध भगवान ने आठ कर्म को क्षय किया है।
The Siddh Bhagwants are said to be in a higher order than the Arihant Bhagwants. They have conquered all 8 karmas.

द्वितीय नमोत्थुणं सिध्ध बनने का मार्ग बतानेवाले अनंत उपकारी अरिहंत भगवंतो को करना है।

The second Namotthunam is recited for Arihant Bhagwants
because they guide us on our journey to become a Siddha.

अरिहंत भगवाना ४ कर्म क्षय किये है। They have conquer 4 types of karmas.

तीसरा नमोत्थुणं हमारे अनंत ज्ञान को प्रगटानेवाले असीम उपकारी गुरुदेव को करते है।

The third Namotthunam is recited for the Guru who help us to enlighten our path of infinite knowledge.



तीर्थंकर परमात्मा हमें क्या देते हैं? What do Tirthankar Parmatma give us?



Abhaydayaanam Keeps everyone fear-free



Chakkhudayaanam
Blesses with vision in the form of Aagam knowledge



Maggadayaanam Showing the path to 'Moksh'



Saranadayaanam Offers Shelter



Jeevadayaanam
Shows path of right restrained life



Bohidayaanam
Preaching of
Right faith,
Right understanding



Dhammadayaanam
Offers right
conduct of religion



Dhammadesayaanam
Preacher of correct procedure
and application of religion

तमोत्थुणं सूत्र बोलते से हमें क्या प्राप्त होता है?

What do we achieve by reciting Namothunam Sootra?

- परमात्मा के गुणों का बारबार स्मरण करते से हमे उतके जैसे बतते के भाव प्रगट
 होते हैं।
- By reciting the Stotra repeatedly, we feel like becoming like Parmatma.
- तमोत्थुणं बोलते से हम तिडर, तिर्भय बतर्ते है।
- We can overcome our fears.
- दर्शन, चारित्र की बोधि प्राप्त होती है।
- We acquire right vision and right conduct.
- परमात्मा की भिक्त करते से हम पाप से बच सकते हैं।
- We can overcome our urge to commit sins.
- सद्गुणों की प्राप्ति होती है।
- We can cultivate more good deeds.
- धर्म के प्रति रुचि बढ़ते से भविष्य में जैत धर्म मिल सकता है।
- Due to our interest in religion, our chances of taking birth in Jainism increases.



- अंदर में रहा हुआ डर बाहर ितकल जाता है।
- We can overcome our deep-seated fears and phobias.



तमोत्थुणं की मुद्रा

Mudra (Posture) for Namotthunam

बाएँ पैर के उपर दोनों हाथों को ऐसे जुड़े हुए मुद्रा में रखना है जिससे अंजलिकरण की मुद्रा मस्तक को स्पर्श करें!

Join both the palms and place them on the upright left knee in such a manner that you can easily touch them to your forehead.

तमोत्थुणं बोलते समय बाएँ पैर के घुटते को रवड़ा रखें,

बाएँ पैर के घुटने को खड़ा रखना चह वीरता का प्रतिक है। While sitting keep your left knee in an upright position. Keeping the left knee upright is a symbol of bravery.

दाएँ पैर को मुड़ा हुआ रखे यह विजय का प्रतिक है। Keep the right knee folded. This position symbolises Vinay (Respect).



परमात्मा के गुणों की स्तुति करते से क्या होता है? Why should we sing praises of Parmatma?

> तमोत्थुणं क्यों बोलता चाहिए? Why do we recite Namotthunam?



"शुभ भाव में वृद्धि हो इसलिए" "To enhance our Shubh Bhay"

जब हम तमोत्थुणं से सर्व तीर्थंकर और सिद्ध भगवंतों के गुणों की स्तुति करते हैं तब हमारे शुभ भावों की वृद्धि होती है और विनयगुण प्रगट होता है।

When we praise Tirthankar and Siddh Parmatma's virtues with Namotthunam, we enhance our shubh bhav and manifest Vinay within our self.

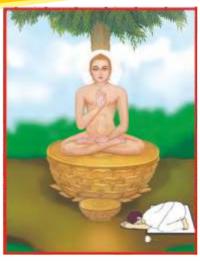
It is best to recite this Stotra with the oneness of Mann, Vachan and Kaya.

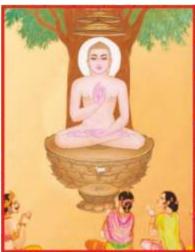
मन से
देव, गुरु को समर्पित होकर
Through Mind
Surrendered to your Guru

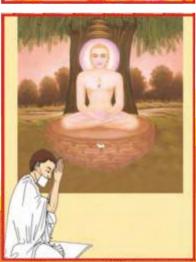
वचन से शब्दो द्वारा स्तुति बोलकर Through Speech Reciting with the Words

> काया से मुद्रा में बैठकर

Through Body
Sitting in the right posture









"बोधि की प्राप्ति के लिए तमोत्थुणं बोलता जरूरी है" बोधि का अर्थ है रुचि!...

बोधि चाित देव, गुरू और धर्म के प्रति उत्कृष्ट भाव...

"To attain Bodhi, it is essential to recite Namothunam Stotra'"

Bodhi means Ruchi (Interest)
Bodhi means to have immense feeling for Dev,
Guru and Dharma





अनंता पुण्योदय से परमातमा मिलते हैं, गुरुदेव मिलते हैं

Due to the uday of Ananta Punya we can have sanidhya of Parmatma and Guru

तमोत्थुणं की मुद्रा में बैठकर तमोत्थुणं बोलते-बोलते परमातमा की दिव्यता के दर्शत होते हैं और अंतर से अहोभाव प्रगट होता है तभी सच्ची रुचि जन्म लेती है।

दीवोताणं

बोलते ही... तजर के सामते जैसे हम विशाल समुद्र रूपी संसार में डूब रहे हो और अचातक परमात्मा का आधार रूप द्वीप दिखता है।

While setting in Namothunam Posture while reciting the Sootra when we feel the overwhelming Divinity of Parmatma and feel obliged for him, we attain Ruchi

The experience of reciting "Divottanam" is very similar to the one we feel when we are drowning in sea of "Sansar" and we suddenly find a base form of support by Parmatma.







हे परमात्मा आपका शरण चाित मेरी हर एक समस्या का समाधात।

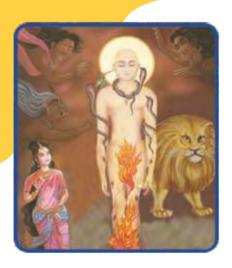
Oh! "Parmatma" your Sharan is the only.

Solution for all of my problems.

शरण गई पइट्ठाणं : बोलते ही सिर्फ संतुष्टि का अनुभव होता है और तब बोधि प्रगट होती है

"Sharan Gayi Payitthanam": While reciting we experience stillness and feel calm which is like attaining the "Bodhi Beej".

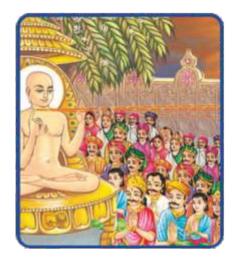
तमो जिणाणं जिय भयाणं : बोलते ही एक संतोष की अतुभूति होती चाहिए "Namo Jinnanam Jiya Bhayanam" : An feeling of sudden contentment is felt while reciting.



Benefits of Recite Namothunam

- वीरता की प्राप्ति के लिए
- To become brave
- तिडर, तिर्भय बतते के लिए
- To become fearless and courageous
- उपकारीओं के उपकारों का स्वीकार करते के लिए
- To accept the upkar bhaav of the param upkari
- अरिहंत, सिध्ध और गुरु भगवंत के प्रति अहोभाव प्रगटाते
 के लिए
- To express gratitude towards Arihant,
 Siddha and Guru Bhagwant.
- देवगुरू का ऋण तो कभी भी हम लौटा नहीं सकते... परंतु

 उनके ऋण का स्वीकार करने के लिए



We may not be able to return the favours of our Gurudev but we can always express our humble gratitude towards them.







fictivity

Namotthunam

नमोत्थुणं	लोगनाहाणं
अरिहंताणं	लोगहियाणं
भगवंताणं	लोगपईवाणं
आइगराणं	लोगपज्जोयगराण
तित्थयराणं	अभयदयाणं
सयं संबुद्धाणं	चक्खुदयाणं
पुरिसुत्तमाणं	मग्गदयाणं
पुरिससिहाणं	सरणदयाणं
पुरिसवर पुंडरीयाणं	जीवदयाणं
पुरिसवर गंधहत्थीणं	बोहिदयाणं
लोगुत्तमाणं	धम्मदयाणं

धम्मदेसयाणं धम्मनायगाणं धम्मसारहीणं धम्मवर चाउरंत चक्क वट्टीणं दीवोताणं सरण गई पइट्टाणं अप्पडिहय वरनाण दंसण धराणं वियट्ट छउमाणं जिणाणं जावयाणं तिन्नाणं तारयाणं बुद्धाणं बोहयाणं मृत्ताणं मोयगाणं सव्वन्नूणं सव्व दरिसीणं सिव मयल

मरूय मणंत मक्खय मव्वाबाह मपुणरावित्ति सिद्धिगइ नामधेयं ठाणं संपत्ताणं नमो जिणाणं जिय भयाणं

Let us solve a puzzle of praises of Parmatma.

Find out the words starting from the letter भ...ग... वा...ज in the Stotra For e.g. ति - पर से... तित्थचराणं









Arjun Mali

My Parmatma in Antahgad Aagam says...

There lived a gardener named Arjun Mali in Rajgruhi Nagari. Skandashri was his wife. Arjun Mali always used to worship Yaksha by offering him flowers. One day due to some unfavorable conditions the Yaksha entered Arjun Mali's body and gave him strength.

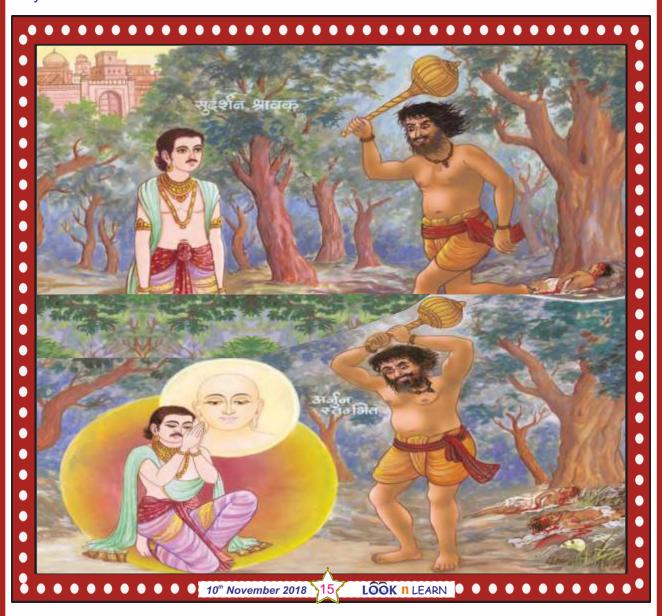
After that Arjun Mali became so harsh that he started killing people coming on his way. He continued doing the same. Daily, he used to wander in the city and kill six men!



Once, Parmatma Mahavir passed through this city. On hearing about the advent of Lord Mahavir, Sheth Sudarshan, the chief of this city, was extremely eager to go for Parmatma's Darshan.

Nevertheless, Sheth Sudarshan decided to go and greet Parmatma Mahavir, immaterial of the consequences. On his way, Sheth Sudarshan met Arjun Mali. Sheth Sudarshan stood quietly. He surrendered himself to Parmatma Mahavir, I surrender myself and seek refuge of Parmatma Mahavir.

Saying thus, he sat in Namothunam posture and started chanting the Mantra. He was enveloped with a divine power and positive aura due to which Arjun Mali could not harm him!

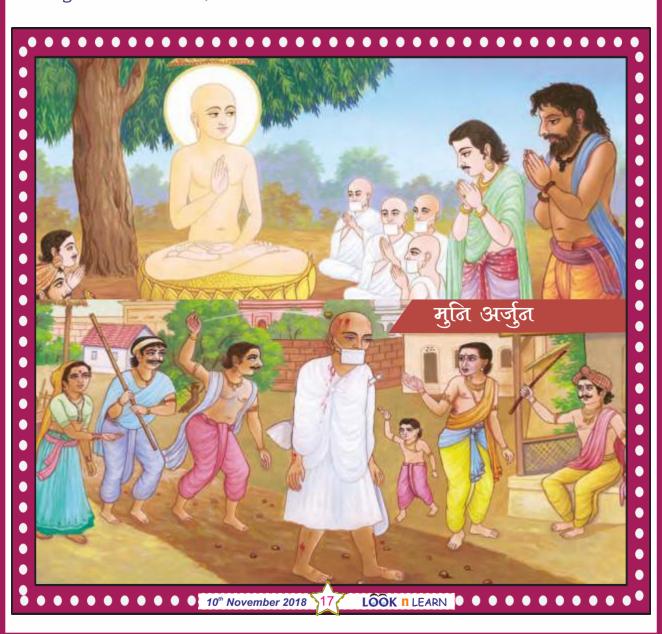


Such was the power of Namotthunam Sootra that the Yaksha immediately left Arjun Mali's body. Arjun Mali fell down and within no moment he rose twisting his limbs, as if he had just awakened from a deep sleep. Arjun Mali did not remember anything. He exclaimed with wonder "Where am I? What am I doing?" His eyes fell on Sudarshan Sheth who was standing like a statue. On asking, Sudarshan Sheth told Arjun Mali the whole story. On hearing the whole incident he repented a lot and began to think.

"Oh! What did I do? Out of ignorance, I have committed such bad deeds which will lead me to nowhere but hell!" Thinking thus, he asked. "Oh dear Sheth! What are you doing here?". The Sheth replied, "I have come here to bow down to Parmatma Mahavir". Arjun Mali said, "I will also come with you to meet and greet Parmatma Mahavir". Both went and bowed down at the Lotus feet of Parmatma Mahavir. Arjun Mali started weeping, "Oh Parmatma! I am a sinner! How can I purify my self?" The Parmatma lovingly told Arjun Mali, "To destroy your karmas observe tough penance through Saiyam Vrat".



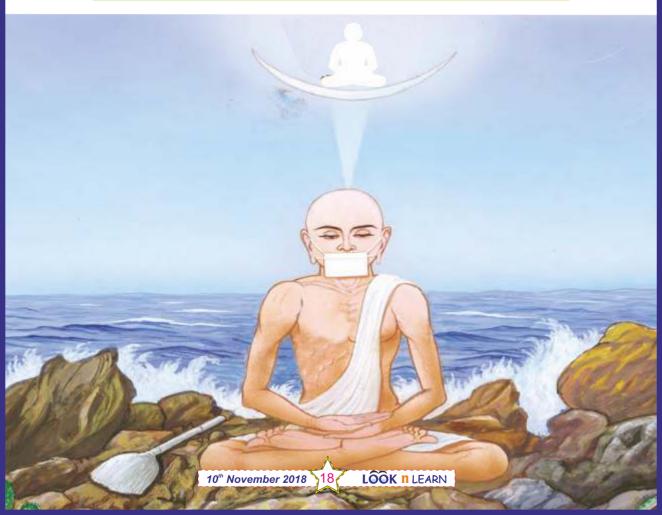
Arjun Mali took Diksha from Parmatma Mahavir. Travelling on his spiritual path he came to Rajgruhi Nagari. He repented for all that he had done in trance. However, the people of the town wouldn't forgive him so easily they thought that. "He is the same person who killed our relatives! He is wicked and a cheat". They started throwing stones at him. People couldn't believe that Arjun Mali had actually changed. He faced all forms of humiliation, yet did not feel dejected. On the contrary, he began to think thus,



"If doing so gives them satisfaction, I will consider this as their grace upon me". Arjun Mali thus endured such harsh criticism for six months with patience, not once forgetting his Saiyam Vrat. He thus destroyed all his karmas and attained the eternal knowledge and truth and attained Moksh.

Once you surrender yourself to Parmatma or Guru, you do not loose anything except for your frustration, anger, ego, sufferings and similar bad deeds. You become pure like gold.

Just as fire removes dust from gold, similarly, penance removes dust of all the bad deeds attached to our soul.







3 रहे हिस्सी साता इत्संडिसिसी साता

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રત્નકુક્ષિણી માતાઓની પરંપરામાં એક ઓર યશકલગી...

શ્રી મહાવીરભાઇ કન્હૈયાલાલ ભાયાણીએ સંયમ સ્વીકાર કર્યો. અને રાષ્ટ્રસંત પુજ્ય ગુરૂદેવ શ્રી તમ્રમુતિ મહારાજ સાહેબ બન્યાં,

ત્યારે એમના **માતશ્રી પૃષ્પાબેન ભાયાણી 'ટ**ત્નકક્ષીણી માતા' બન્યાં.

માતુશ્રી પુષ્પાબેન ભાયાણીએ પ્રવજ્યા અંગીકાર કરી, અને **પુજ્ય શ્રી પ્રબોધિકાબાઇ મહાસતીજી** બન્યાં. ત્યારે એમના **માતૃશ્રી હીરાબેન છોટાલાલ ઝોંસા '***ટત્નકુક્ષીણી માતા' બન્યાં***.**

रमने इवे



દીક્ષાદાનેશ્વરી રાષ્ટ્રસંત પુજ્ય ગુરુદેવ શ્રી નમ્રમુનિ મહારાજ સાહેબના પરમ શરણમાં

આગામી 09.12.2018 ના શ્રી ભાગવતી જૈન દીક્ષા અંગીકાર કરશે, ત્યારે એમના માતુશ્રી પુનમબેન મનોજભાઇ ડેલીવાળા

(જે સંસાર પક્ષે રાષ્ટ્રસંત પૂજ્ય ગુરૂદેવશ્રીના બહેન અને પૂજ્ય શ્રી પ્રબોધિકાબાઇ મ.ના સુપુત્રી થાય છે) 'રત્નકુ**ક્ષિણી માતા'** કહેવાશે.

વંદના છે અમારી... આવી રત્નકુક્ષિણી માતાઓને...

જે એમના અણમોલ અને વ્હાલસોયા રત્નને શાસનના શરણે અર્પણ કરે છે.

સૌજન્ય : શ્રી ભાયાણી પરિવાર, મુંબઇ

